



SERVING THE HOMELESS

(Charity No: 1018354)

SOUTHEND QUIZ AND WALK 2016

Begin the walk at the Cliff's Pavilion and look at the old Beecroft Art Gallery. On the wall is a sculptured picture of people with drums and flutes.

1. How many people are there?	
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Look opposite at the large house on the corner No 32.

2. What is the date on the house?	
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Turn and cross the road to the Cliffs Pavilion

3. What Christmas pantomime is to be held in December 2016?	
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Walk along the cliff top. See the Westcliff Hotel on the left which was originally built as a Temperance Hotel.

4. What is the date of the building of the hotel?	
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5. What is the logo on the side of the hotel?	
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Continue along the cliffs, on the left is the tallest building in area called Tower Court

6. Including the ground floor, how many floors are there?	
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Stop at the balcony to enjoy the view and look towards the sea

NOTE: The new port that can be seen further up the Thames, known as Thames Gateway. Opposite you can see the refineries of the Isle of Grain.

Continue to the War Memorial & reflect on the number of local men who gave their lives for their country.

7. How many men gave their lives?	
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8. What words are sculptured in the grass?	
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9. What does 'AJEX' stand for?	
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NOTE: The War memorial was designed by Sir Edwin Lutyens who also designed the cenotaph in Whitehall. The poem on the memorial 'At the going down of the sun and in the morning we will remember them' was written by Robert Lawrence Binyon.

Walk along the cliff top until you reach Prittlewell Square on your left. Walk through the square and note the fountain in the middle of the gardens

10. How many cherubs on the fountain?	
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NOTE: You are now in the Clifftown area of Southend. These buildings date back to the 1850s and were an early example of town planning. Note the houses had their sitting rooms on the first floor as the lower floors were for the servants' use.

Walk through the square and out into Alexandra Road bearing right. On your left is a Bowling Green with a restaurant called 'Le Petit Petanque'

NOTE: Petanque is a boules game where hollow metal balls are thrown as close as possible to a small wooden ball called a cochonnet (literally piglet) or Jack.

Turn left into Capel Terrace, cross the Road into Nelson Street and note the church which is now used by the University of Essex



11. Which subject is studied at this venue?	
12. How many roses are round the door?	
13. When was this building given the 'Clifftown Award'	

NOTE: Nelson Street was the original High Street for Clifftown. The steps were built so that ladies could alight from their carriages straight onto the steps and up into the shops without having to stand in the dirty street.

Now turn right into Nelson Mews.

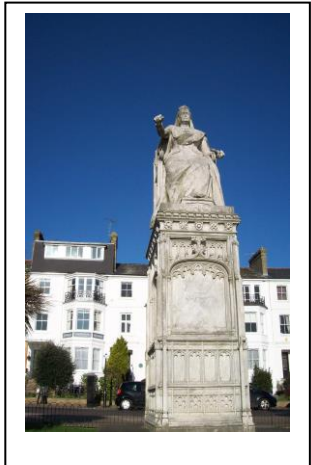


14. What is the date on the foundation stone on the side of the church?	
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Alongside the church is the Memorial Hall built in memory to those who fell during the Great War 1914– 1918.

15. What is the name of the Minister?	
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Retrace your steps back into Nelson Street, Capel Terrace and across Alexandra Road into Devereux Road. Walk towards the cliff top and note the mews (Clifton Mews) on the left where the original stables can be seen. Many of these are now used as workshops. Cross the road to the statue of Queen Victoria.



16. In what year was the statue to Queen Victoria erected?	
17. How many Lions are on the Royal Standard?	

Proceed along the cliff top and take a look at the house next to the Guest House. You will see a plaque to Edward Whymper 1840 – 1911.

18. Why does Edward Whymper have a plaque?	
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19..

The Tea Rooms are named after which famous golf course?



Continue along towards Southend, on your right you will see the Cliff Lift.

20.

When was the cliff lift opened?

Leaving Clifftown Parade you will now be in Clifton Terrace.

On your left you will see the N and M Club.

21.

What does N and M stand for?

NOTE: 19 Clifton Terrace is Nelson House. The two lions in front link this house to the four lions which guard Nelson’s Column in Trafalgar Square. Horatio Nelson was a famous naval commander and a national hero, famous for his victories against the French in the Napoleonic wars. Nelson actually stayed here and Lady Hamilton gave a ball in his honour at the Royal Hotel in 1805 prior to the battle of Trafalgar in which Nelson lost his life.

Continue to No 14 Royal Terrace

22.

What is the English ‘listed building’ symbol on the house?

NOTE: The Terrace became Royal following the visit by Princess Caroline, wife of the Prince Regent, in 1803. Difficult access to the town discouraged it becoming more popular until the opening of the railway in 1856. With the coming of the railway people were able to come to the seaside from the city for day trips. Southend became popular with royalty and the wealthy after the publication of a book, written by a Doctor Richard Russell, extolling the virtues of sea bathing. There were Royal Baths situated on Pier Hill. In order for ladies to bathe in the sea, Southend employed ‘Dippers’ who helped the ladies to bathe once they had been wheeled to the sea in special bathing huts.

The Royal hotel stands at the corner of Royal Terrace and the High Street. Proceed towards the Palace Hotel.

NOTE: The Palace Hotel was built in 1901 and this 5* hotel was used as a military hospital during the Great War. Injured soldiers were brought by boat to the end of the pier.

Make your way down Pier Hill to the sea front area and walk along ‘The Golden Mile’ to nos. 10-12 Marine Parade – The Borough Hotel.

23.

When was the Borough Hotel built?

24.

How many bearded men’s faces are jutting out from the façade?



Continue along to numbers 14-15 Papillon

25.

What is the meaning of ‘Papillon’?

Keep walking until you reach ‘New York’ Amusements Arcade

26.

What are the 3 symbols of New York on the façade?

Proceed along Marine Parade until you reach no. 34 - the Hope Hotel

27. What is shown on the pub sign?	
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Now walk along and look out for the Cornucopia Pub at no 39 Marine Parade.

NOTE: The Cornucopia (which means the ‘Horn of Plenty’ – look at the Pub sign) is reputedly the smallest pub in Essex.

At no 45 you will find The Falcon with a beautifully illustrated falcon’s head on it’s sign



28. Where is the Greene King brewery situated?	
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Look out for Bobby’s Fish and Chip and Burger Bar,

29. What is unusual about the roof?	
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Continue walking towards the Kursaal, cross over and look for the beautiful stained glass dome.
Cross to the seafront side of Marine Parade and walk along the promenade until you reach ‘The Green’ Café;
take the path to the left round the back of Adventure Island until you reach the Lifeboat Station.

30. What are the names of the 3 lifeboats and the hovercraft?	
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Walk up the slip road which takes you back to the promenade and turn left towards the Pier

31. Name the 2 trains which run along the Pier	
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NOTE: Southend Pier, a Grade II listed building, is the longest pleasure pier in the world at 1.34 miles, stretching into the Thames Estuary. Sir John Betjeman once said “the pier is Southend and Southend is the Pier”. The RNLI have a station at the start of the pier and at the end of the pier. They have 3 lifeboats and 1 hovercraft.

Proceed along the path under the pier.



32. Name the beach on your left	
33. What date is on the cafe plaque?	

Continue along the promenade passing The Alexandra Yacht club and return to the Cliffs Pavilion.

34. In what year was the Alexandra Yacht Club Established?	
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NOTE: Rossi’s ice cream is famous throughout the Southend area. The company was founded in 1932, closed during the war and reopened in 1946

NAME:.....	PHONE NO:.....
ADDRESS:	
Closing Date of the competition – 31st August 2016	